Questions for the oral exam in pathophysiology – general medicine

I. General pathophysiology

- 1. Disease and its course
- 2. Terminal states, death
- 3. Ageing
- 4. Aetiology of diseases
- 5. Intrinsic aetiological factors of diseases
- 6. Autosomal hereditary diseases
- 7. Gonosomal hereditary diseases
- 8. Biological effects of radiation
- 9. Effects of electric current on the organism
- 10. Biological etiological factors
- 11. Chemical etiological factors
- 12. Effects of changes of pressure of the environment on the organism
- 13. General and local effects of high temperature on the organism
- 14. General and local effects of low temperature on the organism
- 15. Fever
- 16. Pathophysiology of thermoregulation
- 17. Inflammation
- 18. Systemic inflammatory response, sepsis
- 19. Autoimmunity
- 20. Immune deficiency
- 21. Allergy
- 22. Transplantation
- 23. Oedema
- 24. Growth disorders
- 25. Disorders of the development
- 26. Pathophysiology of tumours
- 27. Aetiology of tumours
- 28. Stress
- 29. Psychosomatic diseases
- 30. Pathophysiology of wound healing

II. Pathophysiology of organ systems 1

- 1. Mechanisms of circulatory disorders
- 2. Inborn heart defects
- 3. Valvular defects
- 4. Arterial hypertension
- 5. Arrhythmias aetiology, pathogenesis, classification
- 6. Disorders of impulse transfer in the heart
- 7. Disorders of origin of the heart impulse
- 8. Heart insufficiency and failure
- 9. Ischemic heart disease
- 10. Myocardial infarction and its complications
- 11. Atherosclerosis
- 12. Peripheral disorders of blood perfusion
- 13. Circulatory shock

- 14. Thromboembolic disease
- 15. Pulmonary hypertension
- 16. Haemorrhagic diatheses disorders of haemocoagulation
- 17. Haemorrhagic diatheses pathophysiology of the thrombocytes
- 18. Haemorrhagic diatheses vasculopathies
- 19. Pathophysiology of the leukocytes
- 20. Disorders of proliferation of blood elements
- 21. Changes of erythrocyte number, classification of anaemias, anaemic syndrome
- 22. Anaemias caused by insufficient erythrocyte production
- 23. Anaemias caused by blood loss
- 24. Haemolytic anaemias
- 25. Hypoxia
- 26. Respiratory insufficiency, disorders of breathing control
- 27. Acute respiratory distress syndrome
- 28. Disorders of the lung ventilation, diffusion and perfusion
- 29. Asthma bronchiale
- 30. Acute renal failure
- 31. Chronic renal failure
- 32. Uraemia, substitution of renal function
- 33. Disorders of the urinary efferent pathways
- 34. Pathophysiology of the muscle

III. Pathophysiology of organ systems 2

- 1. Mechanisms of endocrine disorders
- 2. Pathophysiology of the adrenal medulla
- 3. Hypofunction of the adrenal cortex
- 4. Hyperfunction of the adrenal cortex
- 5. Pathophysiology of the thyroid gland, goitre
- 6. Pathophysiology of the parathyroid gland
- 7. Pathophysiology of the endocrine pancreatic function
- 8. Pathophysiology of the adenohypophysis
- 9. Pathophysiology of the neurohypophysis
- 10. Pathophysiology of the male gonads
- 11. Pathophysiology of the female gonads
- 12. Disorders of reproduction
- 13. Diabetes mellitus
- 14. Diabetic coma
- 15. Chronic complications of diabetes mellitus
- 16. Metabolic (Reaven's) syndrome
- 17. Disturbances of glycaemia regulation
- 18. Acid-base balance disorders
- 19. Pathophysiology of the body fluid volume and osmolality
- 20. Disturbances of calcium metabolism
- 21. Disturbances of sodium and potassium metabolism
- 22. Disorders of lipid metabolism
- 23. Disorders of carbohydrate metabolism
- 24. Disorders of protein and aminoacid metabolism
- 25. Disturbances of nutrition and energy metabolism, obesity

- 26. Lipid soluble vitamins
- 27. Water soluble vitamins
- 28. Pathophysiology of trace elements
- 29. Pathophysiology of the liver
- 30. Portal hypertension, ascites
- 31. Icterus
- 32. Pathophysiology of the exocrine pancreas
- 33. Pathophysiology of the stomach and oesophagus
- 34. Pathophysiology of the intestine
- 35. Diarrhoea, constipation

IV. Nervous system

- 1. General principles, causes and mechanisms of nervous system disorders
- 2. Disorders of the peripheral nerves
- 3. Pathophysiology of the spinal cord
- 4. Pathophysiology of the brain-stem and reticular formation
- 5. Pathophysiology of the cerebellum
- 6. Pathophysiology of the thalamus and hypothalamus
- 7. Pathophysiology of the basal ganglia
- 8. Pathophysiology vegetative nervous system
- 9. Pathophysiology of the neuromuscular transmission
- 10. Disorders of neurotransmitters and synaptic transmission
- 11. Disorders of the behaviour and affectivity
- 12. Pathophysiology of learning and memory
- 13. Disorders of symbolic functions
- 14. Developmental, congenital and hereditary disorders of the nervous system
- 15. Vascular disorders of the nervous system
- 16. Pathophysiology of nervous system trauma
- 17. Neurodegenerative and demyelinising diseases
- 18. Alzheimer's disease
- 19. Epilepsy
- 20. Palsy
- 21. Ataxia
- 22. Extrapyramidal disorders, hypo- and hyperkinetic symptoms, muscle tone disorders
- 23. Disorders of consciousness
- 24. Pathophysiology of the sleep and biorhythms
- 25. Intracranial hypertension, brain oedema
- 26. Pathophysiology of the visual pathways
- 27. Pathophysiology of the eye
- 28. Pathophysiology of the somesthesia, dissociation of the sensation
- 29. Pathophysiology of the vestibular system
- 30. Pathophysiology of hearing
- 31. Pain and its mechanisms, processes of nociception, pain types
- 32. Painful syndromes, endogenous pain modulation, principles of pain treatment
- 33. Pain perception disorders, neuropathic pain